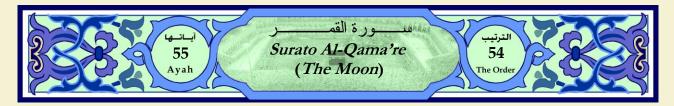
S54-Al-Qama're 54 سورة الْقُمَرِ



وأللّه ألرَّحُمَرُ ألرِّجِب By Allah's name Ar-Rahman Ar-Raheem (The Multitudinous Mercy Giver

1. Eqtaraba'te ¹ (festinately-approached) ^w The Hour ^w and split/halved the moon. ^{x2}	ٱقَتَرَبَتِ ٱلسَّاعَةُ وَٱنشَقَّ ٱلْقَمَرُ ١
2. And <i>en(if)</i> see they ^z an <i>Aya'tan</i> ^w (<i>miracle</i>) they ^z shun and say they: ^z a magic continuer. ³	وَإِن يَرَوْا ءَايَةً يُعْرضُوا وَيَقُولُوا
and say they. a magic continuer.	سِحْرٌ مُّسَتَمِرُّ ۞
3. And denied they z and ettaba'ao (closely-followed they z) their ahwa4 (tendentious likings); and every matter (has) a mustagarron5 (long-term-abode ultimaterealization).	وَكُذَّبُوا وَٱتَّبَعُوا أَهُوآءَهُمَ أَوَ وَكُنَّ أُمْرِ مُسْتَقِرُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِيَّا اللهِ الله
4. And laqad (verily, already and affirmatively) came (to) them of the anba'e ^{w6} (significant-and-availing-news) what (is) in it ^x muzdajaron (deterrent/determent).	وَلَقَدْ جَآءَهُم مِّنَ ٱلْأَنْبَآءِ مَا فِيهِ مُزْدَجَرُّ ۞
5. An ultimate w hekmaton (wisdom) we so not enrich/- suffice the notho're (iterative warners/warnings).	حِكْمَةُ بِبلِغَةً ۖ فَمَا تُغِّنِ ٱلنَّذُر ۞
6. So let [you ^s] divert a'n (off) them; day summons the summoner to a thing nukkor ¹⁰ (hardest: demur/most tortuous affecting its subjects).	فَتَوَلَّ عَنْهُم كَيُومَ يَدْعُ ٱلدَّاعِ إِلَىٰ شَيْءِ نُّكُرِ ۞
7. Khushsha'an ¹¹ (submittingly subdued) (are) their abssa'ro (insights/discernments); they z emerge (resurrect) from the ajda'the(tombs) as if they (were) locusts-spreading/rife.	خُشَّعًا أَبْصَرُهُمْ تَخَرُجُونَ مِنَ الْأُجْدَاثِكَأَنَّهُمْ جَرَادٌ مُّنتَشِرُ ﴿
8. Muhtteena (they that hasten with gaze and extended necks) to the summoner; say the unbelievers, this day(is) arduous.	مُّهُطِعِينَ إِلَى ٱلدَّاعِ يَقُولُ ٱلۡكَلفِرُونَ هَنذَا يَوۡمُّ عَسِرُّ۞

¹ The word "المبالغة في القرب" is more particular than "قرب" as "قرب" as "القرب" i.e. indicative of a superlative of the approach. See التاج So for such a superlative of the approach/nighing. So, "festinately" is used to qualify the approach in order to intensify it. And the "w" superscript is for the feminine "ت"."

2 According to various Hadeeths, see various تفاسير such as القرطبي such as القرطبي as stated in Ibn Katheeer's Tafseer, commentary and explanation. However, the expression "(Had) split/halved the moon" an Arabic tongue expression meaning the matter has become rather clear/cleared.

3 The word "مستر" = "continuer" or also "neer" i.e. that which same and went by

The word "مستمر" = "continuer" or also "goer," i.e. that which came and went by.

4 The word "هوی»," is singular of "اهواء" translated as "(tendentious) liking," which in and of itself could be good or bad noble or vile. The Messenger (SAWS) says that believe not anyone of you until his "هوی» agrees with what I came with, i.e. the Qur'an and Hadeeth.

⁵ Clearly for the realization of any thing in this world requires time and place to happen in it semi-permanently.

⁶ See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for "naba'a." ⁷ See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for "hekma."

⁸ Ibid.

⁹ The word "تغني" has double meanings: (1) enriches, (2) suffices. But "enriches" includes suffice and not vice versa. As "enriches" makes rich or richer, makes fuller, more meaningful, or more rewarding whereas "suffices" meets the present needs of a specific task. Hence "enriches" is superior.

¹⁰ The word "نگر" i.e. that which involves the superlatives, i.e. hardest and most torture or the like. See التاج "i.e. that which involves the superlatives, i.e. hardest and most torture or the like. See "نگر" i.e. that which involves the superlatives, i.e. hardest and most torture or the like. See "it is "i.e. that which involves the subjective noun, with no English equivalent available for it per se. The word "خشع" in "خشع"" = khushsha'an involves more than just "humbleness" or "submission" as that suggests bodily or attitudinal behavior. However, "خشع" denotes submission or subduing of sight and sound as well. So "خشع" are those who submittingly subdued their body, sight and sound. Also some time "المنان " that means their sights are submittingly subdued.

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9. Denied-she ^{y12} before them <i>Noohen's</i> (<i>Noah's</i>) people; so they ^z denied Our <i>abda</i> ¹³ (<i>a slave</i>) and said they: ^z a maniac ¹⁴ and <i>izdojera</i> (<i>had been deterred</i>). ¹⁵	*كَذَّبَتْ قَبِّلُهُمْ قَوْمُ نُوحٍ فَكَذَّبُواْ عَبِّدَنَا وَقَالُواْ مَجِّنُونٌ وَٱزْدُجِرَ ۞
10.So[he]invokedhisLord:surely I am maghloobon(he who had been prevailed upon);solet[You ^s]succor/avenge-for [me]. ¹⁶	فَدَعَارَبُّهُ مَأْلِيِّ مَغْلُوبٌ فَٱنتَصِرُ ٢
11.SoWeopened the Heavens' wdoors by water downpour.	فَفَتَحْنَآ أَبُوّ اِبَٱلسَّمَآءِهَآء مُّنَّهُم ﴿
12. And <i>fajjarna</i> (<i>We caused to gush</i>) the Earth ^w (<i>by</i>) wells; ^w so met the water on a matter <i>qad</i> (<i>already and affirmatively</i>) (<i>had been</i>) fated. ¹⁷	وَفَجَّرْنَا ٱلْأَرْضَ عُيُونًا فَٱلْتَقَى ٱلْمَآء عَلَىٰ أَمْرِ قَدُ قُدِرَ ﴿
13. And We bore him on possessor w (of) planks and dosor ¹⁸ (palm-tree fibers/nails).	وَحَمَلْنَهُ عَلَىٰ ذَاتِ أَلُوْ حِ وَدُسُرٍ ٢
14. It wruns wby Our Eyes, requital for whomever [he] [was] kofera (unbelieved/rejected).	جَّرِيبِأُعْيُنِنَاجَزَآءَلِّمَنكَانَ كُفِرَ
15. And laqad (verily, already and affirmatively) We left it an Aya'tan (sign/proof); is (there) of a muddaker (reminiscer).	وَلَقَد تُرَكَّنَهَآ ءَايَةً فَهَلَ مِن مُّدَّكِر ﴿
16. Then how [was] My torment, and [My] notho're ²⁰ (iterative warners/warnings).	فَكَيْفَكَانَ عَذَابِي وَنُذُرِ
17. And <i>laqad</i> (verily, already and affirmatively) We facilitated The Qur'an for the thekre (remembering by heart); ²¹ so is (there) of muddaker (reminiscer).	وَلَقَدُ يَسَّرْنَا ٱلۡقُرْءَانَ لِلذِّكِر فَهَلَ مِن مُّدَّكِرٍ فَهَلَ
18. Denied-she y ²² Aadon; so how [was]: My torment and [My] notho're ²³ (iterative warners/warnings).	كَذَّبَتْ عَادُ فَكَيَّفَ كَانَ عَذَابِي وَنُذُر هِ
19. Verily We sent on them <i>ssarssaran</i> (<i>severely cold and intenselynoisy</i>) wind ^w in a misfortuned-day, continuer.	إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ رَبِحًا صَرْصَرًا فِي يَوْمِ نَحْس مُّسْتَمِرٌ ﴿
20. [It ^w] wrests ^w the mankind ka'annahum (as if they were) ajazo ²⁴ (date-palms-stumps)munga'eren (that got uprooted).	تَنزعُ ٱلنَّاسَ كَأَنَّهُمْ أَعْجَازُ خَلْ مُّنقَعِر ﴿

¹² The word "كذبت" denied-she has a "hidden" pronoun in reference to the tribe of Quraysh. See إعراب القرآن، إعراب القران، Clearly "tribe" = "قبيلة" is a feminine gender, so its reference must be feminized, as indicated by the "كُبُت" in "كُبُت". كُنْبَت"

¹³ The word "abde" = "slave," the denotation of this word is vastly paradoxical with respect to Allah vis-à-vis the humans. See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for an elaboration.

¹⁴ The word "مجنون" is a noun corresponding to "maniac" rather than "insane" which is an adjective.

¹⁵ The word "النجر" means he had been deterred from inviting others to Allah's cause by his people's abusing and dissuading him from his cause.

¹⁶ That is You succor me, or for me over my people.

¹⁷ That is decreed and well measured in advance by divine plan.

¹⁸ The word "dosor" has several meanings: (1) palm-tree fibers to tighten the planks of the ship, (2) nails, (3) the front of the ship, which pushes the water. See يقسير القرطبي.

¹⁹ Qur'an commentators maintain that the expression "بلمن کان کفیر" whoever was unbelieved/rejected," refers

to messenger Noah." It could also refer to Allah, as His messenger Noahwas unbelieved/rejected. See القرطبي و الفراً.

20 The word ثندُن is infinitive noun, as in عن القرطبي و الفراً and others, referring to Allah, i.e. the warning is His, and since it's in the infinitive, therefore it is qualified by the word "superlative.' Also, speaker's pronoun "&" in "بُنْد،" by Arabic (linguistic) Rule, is omitted, for "التَّخفيف" = "alleviation, lightening" or Ayat's end harmony (rhyme). See

²¹ Says تفسير in his تفسير for the word "لذكر" means for remembering by heart, Allah will assist.
²² The word "خدَبَت" denied-she y is in reference to the tribe of "Aad." Clearly "tribe" is a feminine gender in Arabic; so its reference must be feminized, as indicated by the "ت" in "خدَبَت" denied-she".

²³ See footnote **20** above regarding "نلار".

²⁴ The "stump" is the base of the tree in the ground from which the roots shoot. See Webster's Unabridged Dictionary.

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21. Then how [was]: My torment and [My] notho're ²⁵ (iterative warners/warnings).	فَكَيْفَ كَانَ عَذَابِي وَنُذُرِ 🟐
22. And <i>laqad</i> (verily and affirmatively) We facilitated The Qur'an for the thekre ²⁶ (remembering by heart); so is	وَلَقَدُ يَسَّرْنَا ٱلْقُرْءَانَ لِلذِّكِرِ فَهَلَّ مِن مُّدَّكِرٍ فَهَلَّ مِن مُّدَّكِرٍ ﴿
(there) of a muddaker (reminiscer). 23. Denied-she y Thamoodo by the notho're ²⁷ (iterative warners/warnings).	كَذَّبَتْ ثَمُودُ بِٱلنُّذُرِ ﴿
24. So they z said: is a human of us, one <i>nattabe'aho</i> ([we] closely-follow him); verily we then surely (are) in a misguidance/waste and a Su'aren ²⁸ (madness/intense heat as it were that of Hell).	فَقَالُوٓاْ أَبَشَرًا مِّنَّا وَ'حِدًا نَّتَبِعُهُۥ َ إِنَّا إِذًا لَّفِي ضَلَىلٍ وَسُعُرٍ ﴿
25. Has (had been) cast the thekro (Qur'an/message) on him from among us; rather he (is) kaththabon (iterative liar) insolent.	أُءلِقِيَ ٱلذِّكُرُ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ بَيْنِنَا بَلُ هُوَ كَذَّابٌ أَشِرُّ ﴿
26. Shall know they z tomorrow who is the kaththabo (iterative liar) the insolent.	سَيَعْلَمُونَ غَدًا مَّنِ ٱلْكَذَّابُ ٱلْأَشِرُ ﴿
27. Verily We (<i>are</i>) senders (<i>of</i>) the she-camel, an essay ^w for them; so <i>ertaqeb</i> ²⁹ : (<i>let-[you</i> ^s] <i>observe/watch</i>) them and <i>esstta'ber</i> ³⁰ (<i>let-acquire patience</i> [<i>you</i> ^s]).	إنَّا مُرْسِلُوا ٱلنَّاقَةِ فِتُنَةً لَمُّمُ فَٱرْتَقِيَّهُمْ وَٱصْطَبِرْ ﴿
28. And nabbe'hum (let inform them [you ^s] by piece-of-significant-and-availing-news) that the water (is) an apportionment ^w among them; every sherbon ³¹ (drink-portion) muhtadharon (made present predeterminedly vis-à-vis time and place).	وَنَبِعْهُمْ أَنَّ ٱلْمَآءَ قِسْمَةٌ بَيْنَهُمْ كُلُ شِرْبِ مُحْتَضَرُّ
29. Then <i>nadan</i> ³² (<i>they</i> ² <i>pridefully and instigatingly summoned</i>) their companion; so [<i>he</i>] partook ³³ [<i>her</i>] then [<i>he</i>] hamstrung [<i>her</i>].	فَنَادُوا صَاحِبَهُمْ فَتَعَاطَىٰ فَعَقَرَ
30. Then how [was]: My torment and [My] warning. ³⁴	فَكَيْفَ كَانَ عَذَابِي وَنُذُر 🚓
31. Verily We sent on them a she-shriek she-one, so they ^z were like <i>hasheme(dry leaves) (of)</i> the trellis-(<i>doer</i>).	إِنَّا أَرْسَلَنَا عَلَيْهِمْ صَيْحَةً وَاحِدَةً فَاحِدَةً فَكَانُواْ كَهَشِيمِ ٱلْمُحْتَظِر ﴿
32. And <i>laqad</i> (verily and affirmatively) We facilitated The Qur'an for the thekre (remembering by heart); so is (there) of a muddaker (reminiscer).	وَلَقَدْ يَسَّرُنَا ٱلْقُرْءَانَ لِلذِّكِرِ فَهَلَّ مِن مُّدَّكِرِ ﴿
33. Denied-she Lootent's (Lott's) people by the notho're (iterative warners/warnings).	كَذَّبَتْ قَوْمُ لُوطٍ بِٱلنَّنْدُرِ ﴿
34. Verily We sent on them ha'sseban (stone-storm); except Lootten's (Lott's) aa'la (family/house/kin) najjayna (We iteratively delivered) them by a sa'har (dawn's ere).	إِنَّا أُرْسَلِّهَا عَلَيْهُمْ حَاصِبًا إِلَّا عَلَيْهُمْ خَاصِبًا إِلَّا عَلَيْهُمْ بِسَحَرِ ﴿
35. A boon w35 from endana (by: munificence/Rule of Us); like tha'leka(afar-that-it/that)x We requite whomp [he] thanked.	نِعْمَةً مِّنْ عِندِنَا ۚ كَذَالِكَ غُورى مَن شَكَرَ اللهِ اللهِ عَندِنَا ۚ كَذَالِكَ غُورى

²⁵ See footnote 20 above regarding "نذر".

²⁶ See footnote 20 above regarding remembering.

²⁷ The word "نَذِير" could be plural for "نَذِير" see التّاج, or warning, see القَرطبي.

²⁸ The word "سُعِر" has double meanings: "madness" or "intense heat." That is madness or hell.

The word "أصطبر" means acquirer patience or he who was being tested for his patience or acquiring it.

The word "أصطبر" means acquirer patience or he who was being tested for his patience or acquiring it.

The word "أصطبر" with كسرة on the ش, means a drink-portion. See تفسير القرطبي.

That is they summoned him by instigating him, see اللسان see "تفاطى" and that تفاول" "تفاطى" from "تفاول".

The word "تفاول" " "تفاول" " that is "تفاول".

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36. And lagad (verily and affirmatively) [he] warned them أَنذَرَهُم بَطْشَتَنَا فَتَمَارُواْ	
	وَلَقَدُ
the notho're ³⁷ (iterative warners/warnings).	بالند
37. And lagad (verily, already and affirmatively) they seduced him a'n (regarding) his quests: so We effected their eyes.	7515
initia ii (reguraing) insguests, so we chaced their eyes,	
so let-taste you My torment and [My] notho're (iterative هُ فَذُوقُواْ عَذَابِي وَنُذُرِ هِي المُعَامِينِ المُ	أعينه
warners/warnings).	
38. And lagad (verily, already and affirmatively) sabbahahum مَنْحُهُم بُكُرَةٌ عَذَابٌ	وَلَقَدُ
(occurred to them by morning/early dawn) a torriberat	
20 0 1	
الله عَذَابِي وَنُدُرِ ﷺ ' 39. So let-taste you ' My torment and My notho re40 (iterative warners/warnings).	فَذُوقُ
Our'an for the thekre (remembering by heart). so is	_
(there) of a muddaker (reminiscer).	مِن مُّا
41. And lagad (verily, already and affirmatively) came (to) جَاءَ ءَالَ فِرْعَوْنَ ٱلنُّذُر	مَأَةًا
Pharaoh's aa'la (family/house/kin/chiefs/followers) the	ونعد
notho're (iterative warners/warnings).	
42. They denied by Our Aya'tew (miracles) all (of) it; w so We	255
took them, a taking (by) wight viving tadder (Overtomeer) -	
عزيز مُقتَدِرِ ﷺ Prevailer).	
43. Are your unbelievers khayron (choicer/ superior/ worthier) then o'la' okum (these) or for youh a disensumberment the policy of the second superior worthing.	مَعِينَّا إِنْ أَكُنَّا إِنْ
than a cram (most) of for your a discribuling thick	
in the Zubo're (writs). هي اَلزَّبُر ﷺ	براءة
44. Or theyz say: we (are) together succorers (of each other).	أَمْ يَقُ
45. Sayouh'zamo (shall be affirmably defeated) the gathering	روور
and they turn-away/divert the rears.	
لسَّاعَةُ مَوْعِدُهُمْ وَٱلسَّاعَةُ 46. Rather The Hour w (is) their appointment and The	یًا، آ
Hour ^w (<i>is</i>) graver and bitterer.	
17 Verily the criminals (am) in a miscridance waste	
and so'eren41 (madness/intense heat, as if it were of Hell). جرمین فی ضلال وسعر 🕲	إِنَّ ٱلۡمُ
48. Day (to be) they dragged in The Fire on their faces: يُشَحَبُونَ فِي ٱلنَّارِ عَلَىٰ	ندم
let-taste vou ^z touch (of) Sagar ⁴² (specific Hell which flings	
its associates/companions).	وجوه
49 Verily We: every-thing We created it by a gadar43	ا الله الشار
ل متىء خلفنله بقار 📺 fate/measure).	إِنا د
50 And not Our command except a she-one as a glance	P 17-
by the sight.	
أَهْلُكُنَا ٓ أَشْيَاعَكُمْ فَهَلٌ مِن We perished أَهْلُكُنآ أَشْيَاعَكُمْ فَهَلٌ مِن 51. And laqad (verily, already and affirmatively)	وَلَقَدُ
your ⁿ resemblers;so is(there)of a muddaker (reminiscer).	مُّدَّج
52. And every-thing they² did (is) in the Zobo're (writs). 🚗 شَيَّء فَعَلُوهُ فِي ٱلزُّبُرِ	وَكُلُّ
53. And every a small and a big (is) mustattaron (that	برشحاة
سغير و كبير مستطر 🐷 which had been inscribed).	وس

³⁵ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "ne'amah" ("boon").

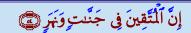
³⁶ That is their messenger *Loott (Lott)*.
³⁷ See footnote 20 above regarding "نند".

³⁸ Íbid.

³⁹ Clearly for the realization of any thing in this world requires time and place to happen in it semi-permanently.
40 See footnote 20 above regarding "نَدُن".
41 The word "سَعُو" has double meanings: "madness" or intense heat, as that of Hell. That is madness or hell.
42"Sagar"="سَفَر" is a proper name of specific descending level = "قدر" of Hell which flings its associates/companions.
43 The word "قدر" = "measure," but since such a measure is by Allah I think the word "fate" is fitter.

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54. Verily the *muttaqeena* (they who reverentially guard against Allah's displeasure) (are) in gardens^w and rivers.⁴⁴



55. In a truthful-seat⁴⁵ enda (by munificence of/by Rule of) a King Mug'tadder (Overcomeer/Prevailer).

⁴⁴In some *recitations* the word "ثَهُر" is "هُل" with ضمة on both the ن and هم, meaning *constant days' light.* See القرطبي ⁴⁵ The say: "مقعد صدق" is an Arabic *tongue* expression meaning: a seat of *gratification, gratifying the sitter.* +